

# The Additional Dialysis Time That Would Eliminate the Posttransplant Survival Benefit of a Better Kidney Offer

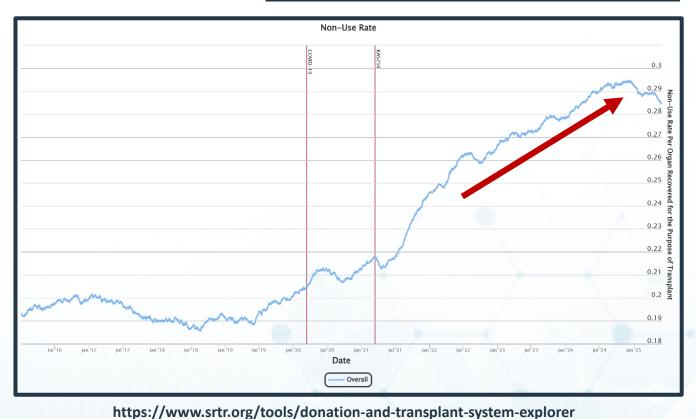
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# Motivation

#### **Question:**

**How does the posttransplant** benefit of increasing kidney quality compare with the risk of accumulated dialysis time?



Predicted time to next offer **KDPI < 30** KDPI < 50 About half of patients like this can expect their next KDPI < 30 offer in 6.3 months and have a 3% chance of dying. % Similar Patients 50% 90% Predicted time 6.3 months 2.7 years Probability of death 3% 18% before next offer Survival probability Years From January 20, 2023 (Match run date) Patient survival without transplant ? What is this predicting? \*These predictions are intended to supplement, not replace, clinical judgment in

https://unos.org/technology/predictive-analytics



## Methods



#### **Cohort Selection**

- Retrospective cohort of deceased donor kidney recipients who were alive on Jan, 1, 2021, or underwent transplant Jan. 1, 2021–Dec. 31, 2023
- Excluding recipients who had transplant prior to Jan. 1, 2011, multiorgan recipients, and pediatric recipients
- Recipients followed from transplant date until the minimum of death, 5 years of follow-up, or Dec, 31, 2023

	N = 118,679 <sup>1</sup>
Dialysis Time at Tx, y	3.7 (1.5, 6.0)
Preemptive	12,149 (10%)
KDPI	46% (26%, 68%)
Unknown	8
Primary Diagnosis	
Diabetes Mellitus	35,663 (30%)
Glomerulonephritis	24,734 (21%)
Other	58,282 (49%)
<sup>1</sup> Median (Q1, Q3); n (%)	



## Methods



#### **Statistical Modeling**

- Cox proportional hazards models were used to study the effects of time on dialysis prior to transplant and the Kidney Donor Profile Index (KDPI) on posttransplant mortality.
- Model 1 contained no interactions, and Model 2 contained interactions for KDPI with diagnosis group (chosen via Akaike Information Criterion [AIC])
- Models were adjusted for relevant clinical and demographic variables.
- Continuous variables were modeled by natural cubic splines. Dialysis time modeled with a discontinuity at zero.

#### **Adjusting Variables**

Sex

Age

Race

**Ethnicity** 

Primary diagnosis group

History of malignancy

Blood type

**CPRA** 

Work for income

**Education level** 

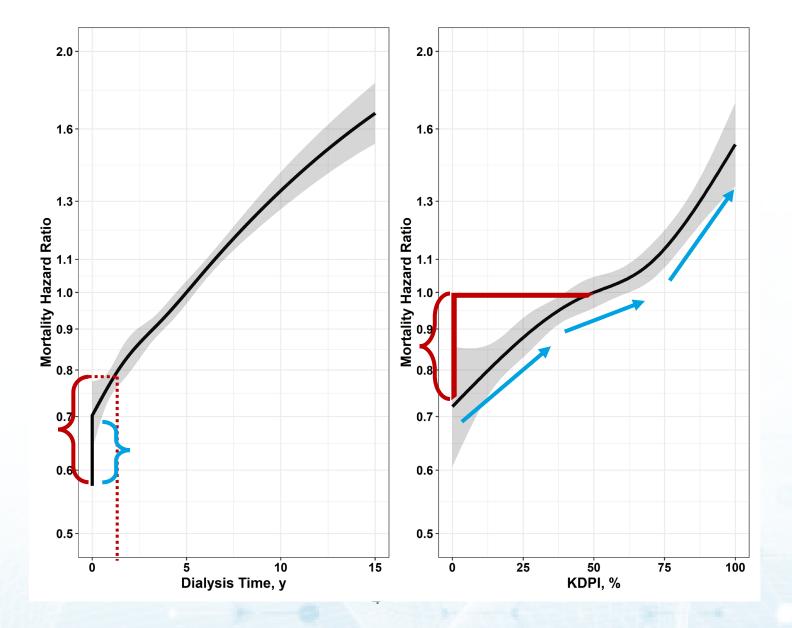
Primary payment type

Donor age



# RESULTS

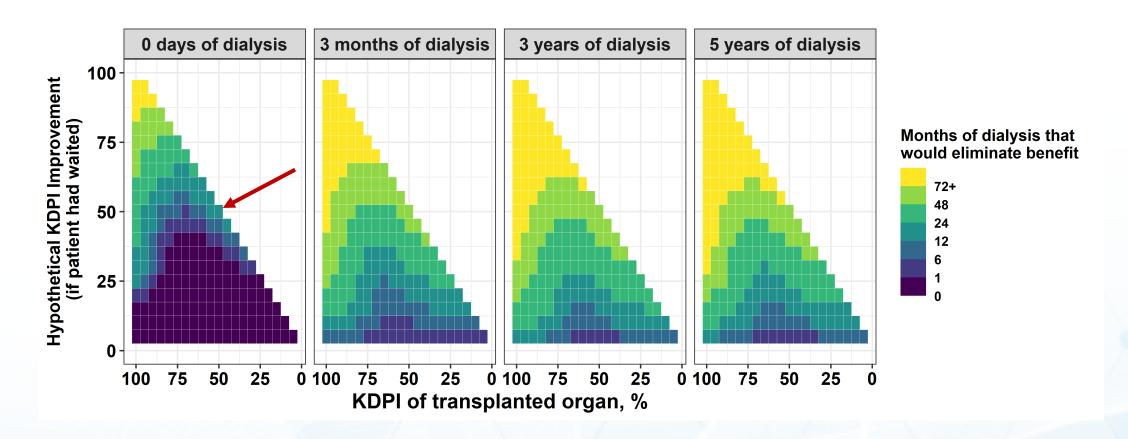






## RESULTS

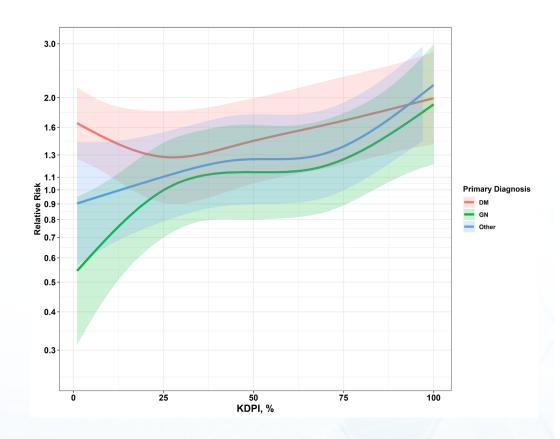
## Model 1



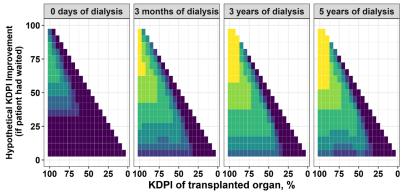


## RESULTS

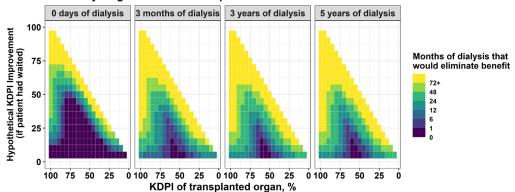
## Model 2



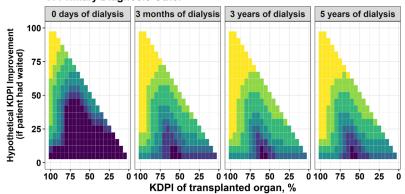
#### A. Primary Diagnosis Diabetes



#### **B. Primary Diagnosis Glomerulonephritis**



#### C. Primary Diagnosis Other





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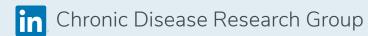
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# THANK YOU!

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